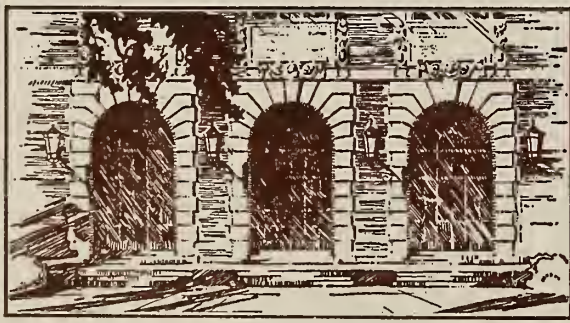


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CALCULATION OF GFSR PSEUDORANDOM

NUMBER BINARY STARTING MATRIX

by

W. H. Payne

March 1973

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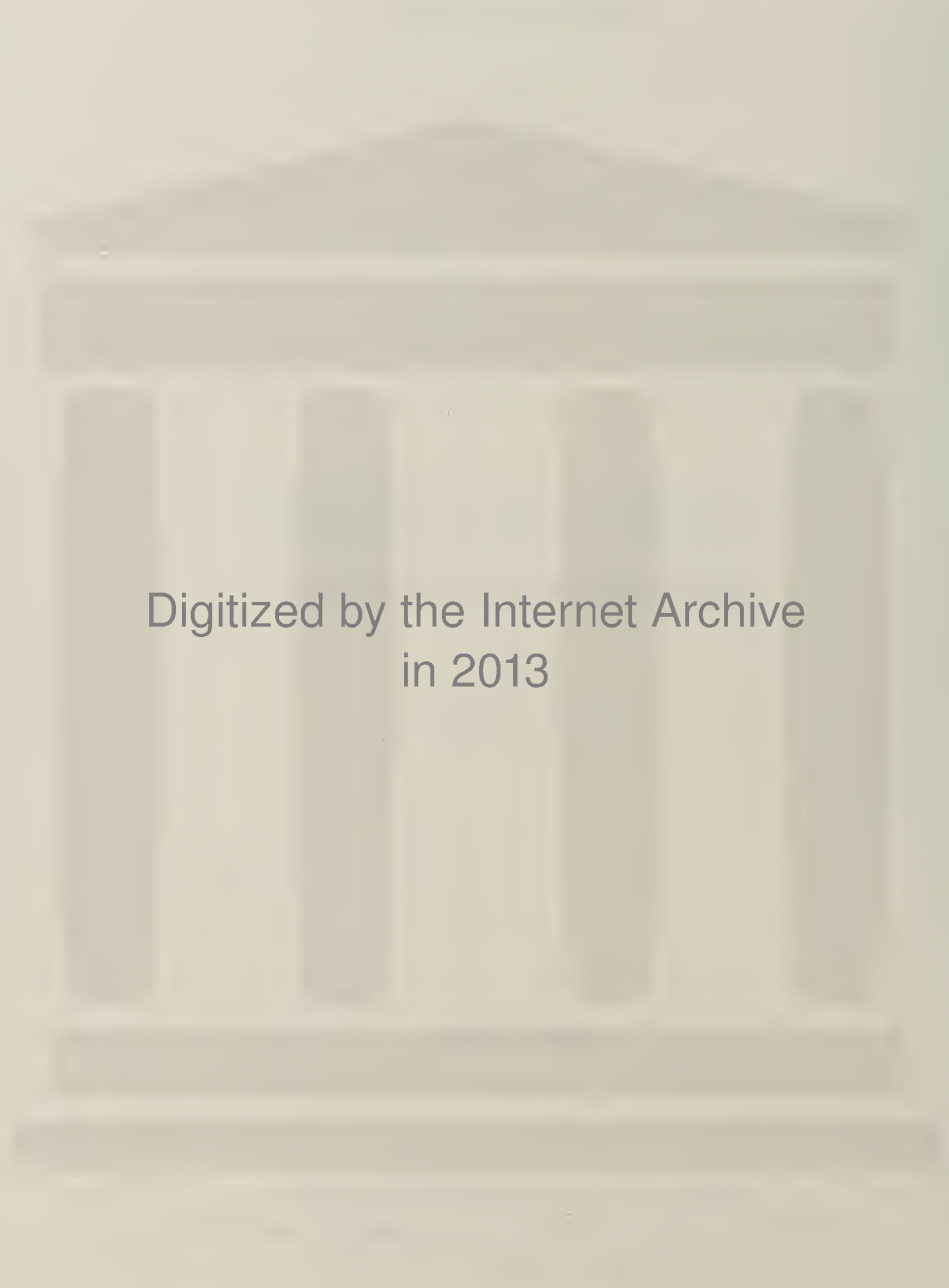
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March 1973

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1. INTRODUCTION

The generalized feedback shift register (GFSR) pseudorandom number generator produces the 'same' floating-point sequence of multi-dimensional distributed pseudorandom numbers on any computer. The 'same' sequence in the sense that high-order bits agree on all machines. Not only is the period of the pseudorandom sequence independent of the word size of the host machine, but the algorithm can be implemented with one exclusive-or ($\oplus$) and two add (modulo p) instructions. This makes its execution extremely fast for mini- or microcomputers [1].

The pseudorandom number generator is based on a primitive trinomial modulo 2 of the form $X^P + X^Q + 1$ and a resulting feedback shift register sequence.

Statement of the GFSR algorithm is:

GFSR Pseudorandom Number Algorithm

Initialize integer $J=0$

Initialize table $M(1), M(2), \dots, M(P)$

Step:

1. $J \leftarrow J+1$
2. If $J > P$, set $J \leftarrow 1$
3. $K \leftarrow J+Q$
4. If $K > P$, set $K \leftarrow 1$
5. Exclusive-or, $M(J) \oplus M(K)$
6. STORE, $M(J) \leftarrow M(J) \oplus M(K)$

The procedure of initializing the table, $M(1), M(2), \dots, M(P)$ of computer words (up to 98 bits), is a nontrivial time-consuming task (about five minutes 360/75 CPU time). Specifically, a 98×98 binary matrix with linearly independent (modulo 2) columns is needed. Further, a judiciously selected delay of the basic feedback shift register sequence between columns to achieve excellent statistical performance of the generator must be sought.

It is the purpose of this paper to present an initial M table, both in octal and hexadecimal, for the polynomial $X^{98} + X^{27} + 1$ (period $2^{98}-1$) computed from the initialization algorithm in [1]. For this specific polynomial, L-space distributed numbers to N-bit accuracy where $LN < 98$ will be produced by the GFSR algorithm. For example, it is possible to generate six-distributed random numbers to 15-bit accuracy since $6 \times 15 = 90 < 98$.

2. THE TABLE

Alignment of both the octal and hexadecimal digits on the 98 bits was set so that the high-order octal digit attains a maximum value of three while the corresponding hexadecimal digit attains a maximum value of seven. This was done to insure that the sign digit was zero for those programmers who wish to implement the algorithm in compiler languages.


```

J = 0      GFSR PSEUDORANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR
P = 98     STARTING MATRIX (98 x 98) 81TS).
Q = 27     UCTAL
M = 1      HEXADECIMAL
M(1) = 051215652560647333264612306536210 14A37556003860698A6357910
M(2) = 10641430472016615060463053350447 2343118900381A30998A00624E
M(3) = 34750725073705511544574452211723 73010510FA2026C97C95227A6
M(4) = 21367042137107104146475277133430 45E222F91C88649EAF96630
M(5) = 323642216741175747561244607334030 6E8910E13EF9EE294C387030
M(6) = 205343610247235233650652474447164 4288F10A74EA6F51AA94E9C8E
M(7) = 024420350310170476551474724465704 0A44100C83C4FA033CEA40788
M(8) = 16540564312662322175274570004362 3AC174656C9A48FA8C8C011E4
M(9) = 271221640124554071120441765477335 5CA474054860E4A121FACF08A
M(10) = 263140160262737474371711124575417 59980E082EFCF1F3C92A5F59E
M(11) = 15421075470027040261520253627740 26C44783808881635055E5FC0
M(12) = 30073302017045144527654073522363 6076C207894C957060E0049E6
M(13) = 114222617666775526152427671060101 262481F6FE05805170C8C082
M(14) = 24512576671264302443612444445346 5652AF08A3A30A478A92495CC
M(15) = 17462660201271025616133101754524 3E65860815C8571C5820F82A8
M(16) = 116450427504243027513724514243034 274A22F454185E9704A628C38
M(17) = 17327727635726337162751735123704 30AF07CEFB837CE5E9EE94F88
M(18) = 041266347664725705074050663315507 10AD9CF84EAF147828098368E
M(19) = 046762165514613505353467411521175 137C8E84CC5015073784044FA
M(20) = 05360004041714660246525144141172 15E00410CE661C405532184FA
M(21) = 11523405557245612666741745075072 26A70586FAE2860E1F28F474
M(22) = 343520716521360353265161663432401 710439051783AD6A7109C6A02
M(23) = 111572110103051311314552002112327 24DE4904314825996A01129AE
M(24) = 144627104061116050116115405000473 3265C8831276A09C4D8280276
M(25) = 042656222127072477022165143254344 116892457104FC247531A81C8
M(26) = 043542573575103264605451514547764 1108AF77C21AD038294659FE8
M(27) = 37705425131151540077210254503446 7F88152C9740807E885650E4C
M(28) = 16771572231126460236272714163424 38F357499206982792E61CE28
M(29) = 056404160710720473170722302075123 17410E1AC884ECF102610F4A8
M(30) = 212317432175602572516265704032565 4533E3470C15EA9C85E206A6E
M(31) = 36240715013605062532403315674161 7941E1A0E682CA850366EFOE2
M(32) = 047646026563570100471514553105425 13E9820738C102734C859162A
M(33) = 103333411064256461313432531665374 2186E1234574C5971AAC05F8C
M(34) = 016700752727411605427000167340145 077030507484E162E003880CA
M(35) = 372654233600232650214760662026600 706813780406A119F00905800
M(36) = 357451411100235476635706570576636 77CA612404ECF83C66C5F83C
M(37) = 356303167362354444474111261513671 7730CEEF27649278495802F72
M(38) = 0117274175002422413255051714066644 04F5E1FA0512458455600848
M(39) = 275547006144406450600055127134121 5E09C0E64834A3002D8970A2
M(40) = 115057430343151204055001301672421 2688E3DE33A1A05A0160EEA22
M(41) = 34655110724066064203641745730034 735849104180D107A1F2F6038
M(42) = 136613600411544277530345012325506 2F62F0109822FE80E553568C
M(43) = 12106554155027637366423613065112 28806C3685F8FE689AC58048
M(44) = 323150553050160766657750642132372 699A20628378095FE801169FA
M(45) = 235743512341636650042226010511061 4EF8E94E1CF6A04906452462
M(46) = 336715775511166215012654716305546 6F737F8493823415AC2E7316CC
M(47) = 052416015057666710406202705415731 154381A2C0827220C8E22C3782
M(48) = 17646374546604532145472724400205 3F489F9662568C83AE4A010A
M(49) = 111235522055133364554274217077061 24A76A42020802088C478FC62
M(50) = 037157527323632432627356127542265 0F98EAEDC3D0682EE2C8D896A
M(51) = 123730002617545100003154660214700 29F60D58F8C900066C0283380
M(52) = 137041254301607142723464034225527 2F885584C1C988A7340256A6E
M(53) = 0251767061467775420230022001672 0A9F88C66F8F8010C0480077A
M(54) = 303551727646270236116055622230010 610A7AF465C27789C20C926010
M(55) = 26742743610405416113737071363626 58C5E3C44161C48E0F01C4CE2C
M(56) = 23710536344023437243376774571060 44F915002409C7F06FEF05E460
M(57) = 160076365126230777344673173062121 380F9EA56AC7F0C988308C8A2
M(58) = 35127520714050065334305254240471 74AF50E6A0A0AC6055628272
M(59) = 337736007113614570267472102555641 6FF78DE48C5E16F3A2158742
M(60) = 3623535136536502035752575415647 79AA0E2E67A44838EABEC374E
M(61) = 3137654765254654012640643230407 65F06705594580A06080312DE
M(62) = 376727735370072464721311666160515 77F58FA8F1D403A2C9081C29A
M(63) = 15156436756443516544651264310631 2698A40EE9107AC9A95A2332
M(64) = 27137207652564246334403033012550 5C8EB7055D14C0C8186082A00
M(65) = 22020312223517606277332024366443 4820CA4903FC08F6D051C0A36
M(66) = 325607634100523710042622415611113 6AE1F38409CF20459285E2496
M(67) = 330741452243566360303254561163501 6C78654A3883C186AC849CE82
M(68) = 13150066760316634722674673544023 2C0036F3383535883CC0D09026
M(69) = 051147034610763337624602456206753 1499C39848F987F29829721806
M(70) = 104462236554605502505155736171656 224C9806C2D00A8A60E1E75C
M(71) = 303471567232506242571460336217310 61CE6EE9AA328AF3306F23090
M(72) = 244323125137751013300763604412353 5234CAA5FF482081FC3242906
M(73) = 300670506706152355560154547067043 606E280C635366E06C8380C46
M(74) = 100564012574714505365067424616632 205DD157CE6515EA378A63834
M(75) = 233527037214033706752167465072412 40D5C3E8C0DF180477948EA14
M(76) = 26002374035324312755474111414755 58D4FC0D069328083C24C3A0A
M(77) = 256667051451463446443532750153057 5760C5329999C9A475AF41AC5E
M(78) = 333472504121742402015236135627503 60CEA8851F14A081A9E2EE5E86
M(79) = 30653347662636645073116760310746 6356E709678464764EF8323CC
M(80) = 031675051250300616612602501155726 02CF452A8606381582A0987AC
M(81) = 121537012054615161650256736443540 2807C142CC69C750AEFF48EC0
M(82) = 15342304332256700171252201645106 35C4C46DA57700F2AA40E948C
M(83) = 003673403455431510654074032146025 01EE07208CD23583CD01982A
M(84) = 136110203043025534540441652651545 2F12106230A072C121056A6CA
M(85) = 123616770511455007603524505216403 49E38F1499401F0754A23A06
M(86) = 20070164627642D645354241263576667 27C74C8E8869508A1590F86E
M(87) = 2732231506544132444432524244026 508499A359085248D542902C
M(88) = 046247445412146432470647066525506 1329E480A03346A71A71856BC
M(89) = 14643665641462065045131356072431 2668F68A1910044359770EA32
M(90) = 14677557430507236437070446234661 37F6F8C51D031F1C493273A2
M(91) = 24061500027737325521403633743210 50634D08F70856A03C0F0810
M(92) = 012036111274170515426476742316755 05078928C35362D3EF13808A
M(93) = 351115607043575435057161142127456 749370E238E475E7131115E5C
M(94) = 160167031340507430163134177707075 3810C32EUA3C64655C3FF1C7A
M(95) = 165304575771612131725226175036634 3A812F7FC51674A963E87838
M(96) = 32570565737422413445676206775366 6AF175EFC4A17250F218F75E
M(97) = 31314703406271004150733335211065 6594C3706581001086EA246A
M(98) = 225364621347631702230060243757465 4A8032F7CCFF09303051F8E6A

```

Table 1

For a PDP-8 (12-bit word size: 11-bit integer) the value

M(1) = 0512, M(2) = 1064,...,M(98) = 2253 would be entered. An

INTERDATA computer (word size,16 bits: 15-bit integer) requires

M(1) = 14A3, M(2) = 2343,...,M(98) = 4ABD. For an IBM 360 (32-bit

fullword: 31-bit integer), M(1) = 14A37556, M(2) = 2343189D,...,

M(98) = 4ABD322F. For a last example, the CDC 6000 series (word size,

60 bits: integer size, 48 bits; initialized to 47 bits) requires

M(1) = 00000512156525406473, M(2) = 00001064143047201661,...,

M(98) = 0002253646213676317. A multiple precision routine (of doubtful value) to 98 bits is easily implemented.

3. COMPILER IMPLEMENTATION

Figure 1 presents an example of a non-ANSI standard FORTRAN

coding of the GFSR algorithm.

```
FUNCTION RAND(M,P,Q,INTSIZ)
```

```
C M(P) = TABLE OF P PREVIOUS RANDOM NUMBERS.
```

```
C P, Q = POLYNOMIAL PARAMETERS:  $X^*P + X^*Q + 1$ .
```

```
C .NOT. OPERATOR IMPLEMENTED IN ARITHMETIC.
```

```
C INTSIZ = INTEGER SIZE (BITS) OF HOST MACHINE: E.G.,
```

```
C IBM 360, 31; CDC 6000, 48; SRU 1100, 35; HP 2100, 15.
```

```
LOGICAL AA,BB,LCCMPJ,LCOMPK
```

```
INTEGER A,B,P,Q,INTSIZ,M(1)
```

```
EQUIVALENCE (AA,A),(BB,B),(MCOMPJ,LCOMPJ),(MCOMPK,LCOMPK)
```

```
DATA J/0/
```

```
N=(2** (INTSIZ-1)-1)*2+1
```

```
J=J+1
```

```
IF(J.GT.P) J=1
```

```
K=J+Q
```

```
IF(K.GT.P) K=K-P
```

```
MCOMPJ=N-M(J)
```

```
MCOMPK=N-M(K)
```

```
A=M(K)
```

```
B=M(J)
```

```
BB=LCOMPJ.AND.AA.OR.LCOMPK.AND.BB
```

```
M(J)=B
```

```
RAND=FLOAT(M(J))/FLOAT(N)
```

```
RETURN
```

```
END
```

Figure 1. FORTRAN Implementation of GFSR
Pseudorandom Number Generator

This particular coding has been certified for 1) IBM 360, 2) Sperry-Rand 1108, 3) Control Data Corporation 6400, and 4) Hewlett-Packard 2116 computers. The first five GFSR pseudorandom numbers for each of these machines is given in Figure 2. Validity of coding any implementation can be checked against these values.

0.36963295936584470	0.369632970000000000
0.40631365776062010	0.406313720000000000
0.42877840995788570	0.428778450000000000
0.47411382198333740	0.474113890000000000
0.95315784215927120	0.953157780000000000
(a)	(b)

0.36963297409225149	0.36964017152786255
0.40631371808778027	0.40632343292236328
0.42877845193692465	0.42878508567810059
0.47411388879095284	0.47410506010055542
0.95315778681866803	0.95318460464477539
(c)	(d)

Figure 2. The First Five Normalized Pseudorandom Numbers From GFSR: $x^{98} + x^{27} + 1$, delayed column=9800, produced on the a) IBM 360, b) SRU 1108, c) CDC 6400, and d) HP 2116 computers.

4. CONCLUSIONS

The heretofore unachievable feat of essentially duplicating the same probabilistic simulation on any model computer using the fast, general, multidimensional GFSR pseudorandom number generator is now possible.

REFERENCE

- [1] Lewis, T. G. and Payne, W. H., "Generalized Feedback Shift Register Pseudorandom Number Algorithm," Journal of the ACM (to appear about August 1973).

APPENDIX A

Method

Let $X^P + X^Q + 1$ be a primitive trinomial modulo 2 such that

$Q < P/2$. Binary digits, a_i , obey the recurrence $a_k = a_{k-P+Q} \oplus a_{k-P}$. The companion matrix for polynomial $X^P + X^Q + 1$ is of the form

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & & \cdot \\ 0 & 0 & \cdot & \cdot & & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

All zeros except a 1 in the Q -th column

thus,

$$A \times V_i = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & & & \\ & & & & & 0 \\ 1 & & & & & \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_i \\ a_{i+1} \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ a_{i+Q} \\ a_{i+P-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{i+1} \\ a_{i+2} \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ a_i \oplus a_{i+Q} \\ a_i \oplus a_{i+Q} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{i+1} \\ a_{i+2} \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ a_{i+P} \end{bmatrix} = V_{i+1}$$

For this initialization application, let $a_0 = a_1 = \dots = a_{P-1} = 1$.

Next form $V_d = A^d \times V_0$. Set $V_0 = U_1$, and with V_d form a $N \times 2$ dimensioned matrix such that V_0 is the first column while V_d is the second column: that is

$$U_2 = V_1 \times [1 \ 0] + V_d \times [0 \ 1].$$

Form

$$U_3 = U_1 \times [1 \ 0 \ 0] + A^d \times U_2 \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Continue this process. Matrix U_N will be a $P \times N$ matrix with each of its columns of the form $V_0, V_d, V_{2d}, \dots, V_{(N-1)d}$. Numerical values in the table presented in this paper were to be both in octal and hexadecimal so a value of N , a multiple of 3 and 4, was selected. Here $d = 100 \times P = 9800$ and $N = 2^4$. The first N bits of table M were the rows of matrix U_N .

Let $U_{N,2}$ be the matrix of the second N bits. Clearly these are easily obtained from

$$U_{N,2} = A^{dN} \times U_N$$

For statistical reasons, the generator was cycled another 5000 P times. Order of these operations does not affect the final result so U_N was cycled 5000 P times before calculation of $U_{N,2}$.

C GFSR PSEUDORANDOM NUMBER ALGORITHM INITIALIZATION TO 98 BITS.

INTEGER M(98,5)

INTEGER ONE,DELAY,P,Q

P=98

Q=27

N=24

DELAY=100*P

ONE=2**(N-1)

DO 1 I=1,P

M(I,1)=ONE

DO 2 J=1,N

DO 3 K=1,DELAY

X=IXOR(M,P,Q,N)

DO 4 L=1,P

M(L,1)=M(L,1)/2+ONE

CONTINUE

DO 5 I=1,5000

DO 5 J=1,P

X=IXOR(M,P,Q,N)

DO 6 I=2,5

DO 10 K=1,P

M(K,I)=M(K,I-1)

DO 7 K=1,N

DO 7 J=1,DELAY

X=IXOR(M(1,I),P,Q,N)

CONTINUE

DO 11 I=1,P

M(I,1)=M(I,1)-(M(I,1)/ONE)*ONE

WRITE(6,8)((M(I,J),J=1,5),I=1,98)

FORMAT('0',5Z8)

C FORMAT ROUTINE FOR CONVERSION TO OCTAL AND HEX READS FROM UNIT 9.

WRITE(9,9)((M(I,J),J=1,5),I=1,98)

FORMAT(5Z8)

STOP

END

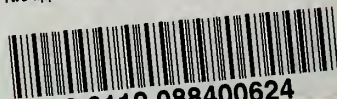

```
FUNCTION IXOR(M,P,Q,NN)
LOGICAL AA,BB,LCCMPJ,LCOMPJ,LCOMPK
INTEGER A,B,P,Q,M(1)
EQUIVALENCE (AA,A),(BB,B),(MCOMPJ,LCOMPJ),(MCOMPK,LCOMPK)
DATA J/0/
N=2**NN-1
J=J+1
IF(J.GT.P)J=1
K=J+Q
IF(K.GT.P) K=K-P
MCOMPJ=N-M(J)
MCOMPK=N-M(K)
A=M(K)
B=M(J)
BB=LCOMPJ.AND.AA.OR.LCOMPK.AND.BB
M(J)=B
IXOR=M(J)
RETURN
END
```


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